# **Our Sensors**



## **Admin**



- Questions?
- Comments?
- Concerns?

#### Docs



- Check out the official docs where I pulled some of this from
- https://github.com/turtlebot/turtlebot4-hardware
- https://turtlebot.github.io/turtlebot4-user-manual/software/sensors .html

## Laser Range Finder

- RPLIDAR A1M8
  - Spinning more or less all the time,
  - Sends laser light out,
    - Receives reflection back
    - \*usually\* one of the more accurate sensors.
  - Because of the spin, can get a pretty good 360 degree range into

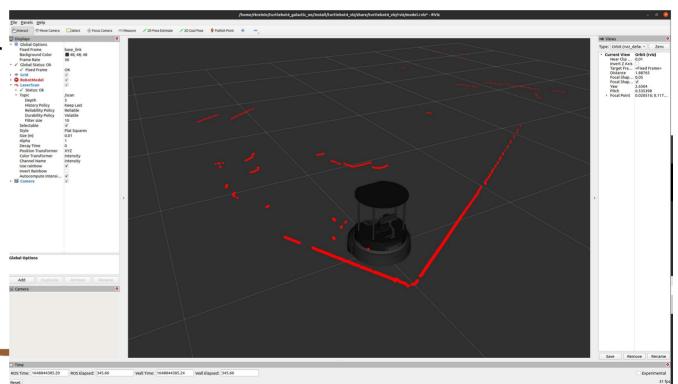


### Lidar II



 Lidar usually provides a depth map that might be interpreted like this

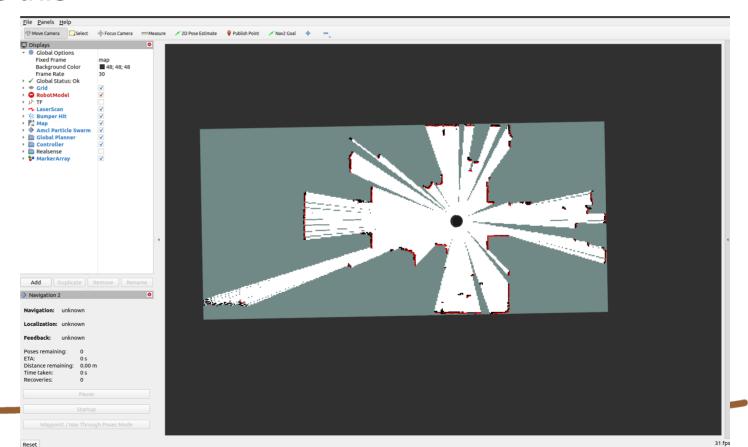
(the view we will use for project 1)



## Lidar III



Or sometimes like this



#### **Cliff Sensors**



- The bottom of the Turtlebot4 is an iRobot Create
- There are four downward facing IR sensors that they call 'cliff sensors'
- IR sensors \*kinda\* detect distance
  - But really proximity
  - Same principle as lidar, but with infrared
- Mostly tied into the system at a lower level than we will work



## **Bump Sensor**

- The Create 3 has a bump sensor
  - on/off toggle button with a great big cover
  - Mostly used at a lower level than we work
    - But state can be queried



## Button (sensors)

- The Create 3 has two buttons
- oo and o
  - Use for basic on/off input for programs
    - State can be queried
    - And change in state can be watched
  - Often in projects 2-?? will want to begin autonomous program with a press



## WheelDrop



#### Wheeldrop

- The wheeldrop is the spring on which the Create® 3 wheels sit. When the robot is lifted off of the ground, the spring is decompressed and the wheeldrop hazard is activated.
- Mostly used at a lower level than we work
  - But state can be queried

# Front Facing IR Sensors



### IR Proximity

- The IR proxmity sensors are located on the front of the bumper and are used for the wall follow action.
  The sensor data can be viewed on the /ir\_intensity topic.
  - # This message provides the ir intensity readings
  - •
  - std msgs/Header header
  - irobot\_create\_msgs/IrIntensity[] readings



# Slip and Stall



Slip and Stall are fusion of wheel and optical odometer sensors

## Slip and Stall

- Wheel slip and stall is also detected by the Create® 3. The status can be viewed on the /slip\_status and /stall\_status topics.
- What is slip?
  - Lucky students?
- What is stall?
  - Another lucky student?

## Kidnap Sensor



### Kidnap

- The robot uses a fusion of sensor data to detect when it has been picked up and "kidnapped". Motors will be disabled in this state, and will re-enable when placed on the ground again. The /kidnap\_status topic shows the current kidnap state.
- Again, usually works lower level than we work.
  - Will usually stop all running behaviors
- But can be watching for it.

#### Camera

- Camera
  - OAK-D Camera
    - 4K camera
    - Pair of additional sensors for depth information
    - On board processing for some on board object tracking.
  - One of the more expensive sensors on the robot.
- We'll begin by using rviz to see what the camera sees.



#### **Additional Sensors**



- There are several free USB ports to potentially support additional sensors.
  - We shall see if we get far enough to use more sensors.
- Grad students and first time use of robots.
  - It will be an exciting adventure.

## Lets Try it



- Project 1 now or after talking about teleoperation
  - Depending on what time it is when we get here.